

## TRAFFIC SURVEY AND NEIGHBOURHOOD WALKABOUT QUESTIONNAIRE

### Prepared by Active and Safe Routes to School Manitoba A program of Green Action Centre

Identifying specific transportation and safety issues at school sites and preparing a plan of action to deal with the identified issues is paramount to the success of any Active and Safe Routes to School Program (ASRTS).

#### Why conduct a neighbourhood walkabout?

As you begin to develop your ASRTS program, it is a good idea to have a clear understanding of the issues you are attempting to address. The most common reasons sited for schools wanting to implement an ASRTS program are:

- Traffic congestion around the school that makes it an unsafe environment for pedestrians and cyclists.
- Heavy traffic volumes and/or excessive speeds by motorists on streets around or near the school, making the journey to school unsafe.
- Children who are walking alone and may be victims of bullying or harassment, and are vulnerable to abduction.

Ultimately, what you want to end up with is a good written description of the problem(s) that you face at your school, aided visually with area maps indicating problem areas and ideal safe routes to school. School Boards or local Transportation Engineers can provide schools with maps, and will often be valuable contacts and allies in helping make positive changes in the community. Before conducting your survey, determine the scope of your walkabout – will you focus only on the immediate area around the school, or do you also need to investigate safety concerns further away?

Things that you want to consider initially when conducting a traffic survey around your school include:

- What are the current parking allowances and restrictions?
- Where do the conflicts between pedestrians/cyclists and vehicles occur and why are they happening?
- Where are the areas along routes surrounding the school where pedestrians/cyclists are most at risk from motor vehicle traffic?
- What are areas where pedestrian/cyclist traffic and vehicle traffic co-exist well? Why does traffic function well in these particular areas?
- What changes can be made to problem areas that will help to improve the interactions between pedestrians/cyclists and motor vehicles?

Out of these questions and answers an action plan can be formulated that everyone agrees to – be sure to document who will take care of what and when. Agreed-to timelines and follow-up meetings help to keep everyone on track.

Through this all, it is important to remember that plans and situations change, and it is good to be flexible and open to new information throughout the development of your program.









# I want to do a traffic survey around my school. Who should I involve and when should I conduct the survey?

Plan your traffic survey and neighbourhood walkabout for before or after school during peak pick-up and drop-off times – when the problems you are hoping to address through your Active and Safe Routes to School Program are most evident. It is equally important to involve people who have the capacity to make change in the community or who have particular expertise that you think is important to the success of your program. These people include, but are not exclusive to:

- School administration (Principal, Vice-Principal)
- Superintendent or School Division personnel
- Concerned parents and caregivers
- Local police (many schools have liaison officers)
- School Trustees
- Representative from the local health unit
- Students (especially student patrols)
- Local residents' groups

- The Parent Advisory Council of the school
- Local transportation engineers
- Mayor
- · City Councillor
- If you are hoping to include a school bus drop-off zone away from the school as part of your ASRTS program, you may also want to invite a school bus driver or the transportation coordinator for your school division

Start your neighbourhood walkabout and traffic survey with an introduction by the Principal or parent representative so they can share new updates with the participants (i.e.: recent information about traffic volumes, what's been tried in the past, results of previous traffic surveys, etc...). Introductions should then be conducted and participants should sign in with their names and contact information for future reference and for distribution of minutes, etc.

#### Neighbourhood Walkabout and Traffic Survey Report

Add your findings from your walkabout and survey to your community map and provide a written report of the findings. Request that the Transportation Engineer include these findings in the master map for your area. Include photographs in your report of problem areas and areas with positive things you would like to see implemented elsewhere. Distribute a copy of the report to all participants from the walkabout and use it to lobby for positive changes in the community to help make it safer for children walking to and from school.

#### Other considerations:

There are many other things to consider when implementing your ASRTS program. Conducting take-home surveys for school parents is an important and valuable way to get information about their travel habits to and from school as well as their concerns related to letting their children walk or bike to school.

#### Specific considerations when conducting a traffic survey and neighbourhood walkabout:

#### School site:

- The number of arrival and dismissal times at school
- School entrances for kindergarten students
- Teacher parking area/available visitor parking
  - Potential for vehicle and pedestrian conflict
  - Size and design of parking lot. Is traffic flow clearly signed?
  - · Pavement markings on the parking lot
  - Parking and driving behaviour of driving parents
- Walking paths to the school
  - Where are the access points for students?
  - Potential for conflict with vehicles
  - · Lighting along walkways
  - Maintenance of walkways, i.e. snow and ice removal
  - Alternate school grounds access routes
- Bicycle facilities
  - · Bike racks
  - Bike paths or lanes
  - Potential for conflict with vehicles
- Location of School Bus Loading Zone, if applicable
  - Where do students wait for the buses; what type of supervision is employed
- Number of buses, vans and handicapped vehicles employed
- Location of garbage dumpsters and other school maintenance equipment
- · Emergency vehicle access

#### Areas surrounding the school site:

- Volume and speed of traffic on surrounding streets
   perceived and real obtain latest 24 hour counts
- Are there sidewalks? How far do they extend around the school and the surrounding community?

- Pedestrian crossing devices present and utilized
- Number and position of bus/student patrollers (if any – are they needed?)
- Sight distances of school crossings to road curves and bus zones
- Number and position of adult crossing guards (if any – are they needed?)
- Placement of school crossings in relation to driveways and bus loading zones
- Timing of traffic lights
- On-street signs
- Providing a "hand-to-hand" area where parents of kindergarten students can take their children into the school

#### Non-traffic items to consider:

- Types of buildings surrounding school: residential, commercial, industrial, vacant/rundown
- Location of other public spaces near school: parks, community centres, libraries, churches
- Number of shade trees on streets
- Green space vs. concrete space
- Graffiti on buildings
- Physical state of the sidewalks
- Size of the sidewalks
- · Garbage along the routes to school
- Snow piles at intersections or along route that may be climbing/sliding hazards
- Obstructions on the sidewalks (i.e. branches extending into walking space, broken concrete and tripping hazards, etc.)
- Block Parent or Neighbourhood Watch community if so, where are Block Parents located?

(This list has been used with permission from the Green Communities Canada Association ASRTS Resource Guide, 2nd Edition; Page 44.)

## Walkable Routes to School Survey

Take a walk through your neighbourhood and see how safe and easy it is to be a pedestrian. Place an

Route taken:	
1. SIDEWALKS LOCATION	LOCATION
There are no sidewalks	
There are sidewalks, but they are not continuous	
Sidewalks are broken or cracked, making them unsafe or difficult to walk on	
Sidewalks are blocked with poles, signs, shrubbery, dumpsters, etc.	
Sidewalks are too close to fast-moving traffic	
There is not enough room for two people to walk side by side	
Sidewalks do not have ramps (curb cuts) for wheelchairs, strollers, and wagons	
Cars or trucks are blocking the sidewalk	
Other, please specify	
Overall rating of sidewalks:   Excellent   Good	d 🗆 Fair 🗆 Poor
	1
2. STREET CROSSINGS LOCATION	LOCATION
	LOCATION
2. STREET CROSSINGS LOCATION  Road is too wide to cross safely  Need traffic signals	LOCATION
2. STREET CROSSINGS LOCATION  Road is too wide to cross safely  Need traffic signals  Traffic signals make pedestrians wait too long before crossing	LOCATION
2. STREET CROSSINGS LOCATION  Road is too wide to cross safely  Need traffic signals  Traffic signals make pedestrians wait too long before crossing  Need pedestrian crossing signals/audible signals	LOCATION
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2. STREET CROSSINGS LOCATION  Road is too wide to cross safely  Need traffic signals  Traffic signals make pedestrians wait too long before crossing  Need pedestrian crossing signals/audible signals  Pedestrian crossing signals are not long enough for	LOCATION
2. STREET CROSSINGS LOCATION  Road is too wide to cross safely  Need traffic signals  Traffic signals make pedestrians wait too long before crossing  Need pedestrian crossing signals/audible signals  Pedestrian crossing signals are not long enough for pedestrians to reach the other side of the street	LOCATION
2. STREET CROSSINGS LOCATION  Road is too wide to cross safely  Need traffic signals  Traffic signals make pedestrians wait too long before crossing  Need pedestrian crossing signals/audible signals  Pedestrian crossing signals are not long enough for pedestrians to reach the other side of the street  Need marked pedestrian crosswalks  Parked cars on the street or utility poles are blocking the view	LOCATION

3. TRAFFIC AND DRIVER BEHAVIOUR	LOCATION
Drivers do not stop at stop signs	
Drivers do not obey traffic signs	
Drivers seem to be going too fast	
Drivers do not yield to pedestrians	
Drivers do not look before backing out of driveways	
Other, please specify	
Overall rating of traffic and driver behaviour: $\Box$ Excel	ent Good Fair Poor
4. SAFETY	LOCATION
Do not feel safe because of the amount of traffic	
Do not feel safe because of the behaviour of drivers	
Streets do not have enough lighting for walking when it's dark	
People are loitering along the route	
□	
Unleashed dogs are along the route	
Unleashed dogs are along the route  Vacant buildings and run-down property are along the route	
Vacant buildings and run-down property are along	
Vacant buildings and run-down property are along the route  Other, please specify	☐ Fair ☐ Poor
Vacant buildings and run-down property are along the route  Other, please specify  Overall rating of safety:	☐ Fair ☐ Poor  LOCATION
Vacant buildings and run-down property are along the route  Other, please specify  Overall rating of safety:	
Vacant buildings and run-down property are along the route  Other, please specify  Overall rating of safety:	
Vacant buildings and run-down property are along the route  Other, please specify  Overall rating of safety:	
Vacant buildings and run-down property are along the route  Other, please specify  Overall rating of safety:	
Vacant buildings and run-down property are along the route  Other, please specify	LOCATION
Vacant buildings and run-down property are along the route  Other, please specify  Overall rating of safety:	LOCATION    Fair   Poor
Vacant buildings and run-down property are along the route  Other, please specify	LOCATION    Fair   Poor
Vacant buildings and run-down property are along the route  Other, please specify  Overall rating of safety: Excellent Good  5. APPEAL  Locations need more grass, flowers, trees, etc.  There is garbage along the route  Other, please specify  Overall rating of appeal: Excellent Good  6. OVERALL RATING OF SCHOOL ROUTE WALKABILITY  Excellent: Walking to school is easy, pleasant and safe  Good: There are a few problems with walking to school,	LOCATION    Fair   Poor